## Year 9

## Option Choices



## 21 February 2024

## Y9 Options Guide

## Introduction

Y9 students are approaching the end of key stage 3 and it is now time for them to make decisions about their courses for the next two years at key stage 4 . Students will need to consider their individual strengths, interests and talents. Students should make choices based on what they enjoy and what they are passionate about. Every combination of subjects that we offer will enable students to access any post 16 course.

In Y9 all students will be required to study:
[] GCSE English Language
] GCSE English Literature
? GCSE Mathematics
? GCSE Combined Sciences (two GCSEs)
[] Core Physical Education (practical PE - no exam)
[] Either Geography, History, or Spanish (English Baccalaureate subjects)
In addition, students choose further options from the subjects outlined below and in the online video which can be located on the school website.

## Key points

- All subjects we offer are valuable
- All combinations chosen are good combinations
- Maintaining a broad and balanced curriculum is of utmost importance
- No matter what subjects are chosen, excellent attendance is vital to maximise outcomes


## Why humanities and a language?

There is evidence to support students following this route (The Sutton Trust, July 2016). The English Baccalaureate refers to a group of options in which a child studies: English Language and Literature, Maths, Combined Science, Geography or History and a language. Research from 300 schools found that statistically students following the English Baccalaureate subjects were:

- more likely to achieve good GCSEs in English and maths
- more likely to be taking an A level or other level 3 qualification after the age of 16
- less likely to have dropped out of education after the age of 16

The Department for Education say:
? The EBacc is made up of the subjects which are considered essential to many degrees and open up lots of doors.
[3] A study by the UCL Institute of Education shows that studying subjects included in the EBacc provides students with greater opportunities in further education and increases the likelihood that a pupil will stay on in full-time education.
? Sutton Trust research reveals that studying the EBacc can help improve a young person's performance in English and maths.

## GCSEs and Vocational subjects

Both types of qualification are valid. The most significant differences are in the balance of theory/practical work and the style of assessment.

| GCSEs | Vocational (Btec or OCR National) |
| :---: | :---: |
| [] More theoretical | ? ${ }^{\text {a career focus grounded in the world of }}$ |
| ? More exam based and less practical in many | work. |
| cases (not all) | ? Usually more practical than GCSEs |
| (3) More aligned to A Levels | [3 Mainly coursework but still an exam |
| [] Graded as a number from 9 to 1 (nine being the highest) | 2] Grades are Distinction, Merit and Pass rather than numbers (as GCSEs are) |

(3) All students will study English Language, English Literature, Maths, two Sciences, and core PE. No option choices are required for these
? To follow the English Baccalaureate a student must study a language and at least one subject out of Geography and History. You can choose both.
? 3 You cannot choose the same subject twice

## The subjects we offer

| GCSEs | Vocational qualifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Art | Drama |
| Computer Science | Engineering |
| Geography | Health \& Social Care |
| History | Hospitality and Catering |
| Religious Studies | Media Studies |
| Spanish | Music |
|  | Sport |

Students will be required to select four subjects plus reserve choices

## The process of choosing subjects

To support students in making the best choices they:

1. Have had an assembly
2. Have received guidance from their Form Tutor
3. The Options Evening
4. Parents complete the choosing of subjects via the MCAS app. We will complete the process in school with any who are unable to do this.
5. The choices of every individual student will then be quality assured in school to ensure it maximises their chances of success

In July you will be informed of the subjects allocated to your son/daughter for Key Stage 4. It is important to note that choices cannot be guaranteed.

For more detailed information about each subject please see the options link on the school website. This guide is also available at that link.

## Options - Frequently Asked Questions

## Who will be the teacher for each option subject?

This cannot be answered until much later in the year so do not assume it will be the same person who teaches you this year. It is wiser to make an option choice based on the subject content and assessment style rather than on who teaches the subject.

## Are there boys and girls subjects?

Absolutely not. All subjects are appropriate for all students.

## Am I guaranteed to get my option choices?

No. We will do all we can to ensure you get your choices but it cannot be guaranteed. Most students do have their first choices met. There are a number of reasons for not getting your choices:
[] Too few people might opt for a subject so no class can be created
? More people opt for a subject than can be in a class e.g., we cannot place over 30 students into a Computing class due to the number of PCs available. If enough students opt for this we can create a second class

## Will I be able to change my mind in September?

No. It is important to make the correct choice in the first instance, based on all of the information available.

## Who can help me with my choices?

Your Tutor and your subject teachers are the first people to ask for help and advice.

## What subjects do I have to study?

English, Maths, Science, Physical Education, PSHE, and either History, Geography, or a Modern Foreign Language.

## Do I have to put reserve choices on my options form?

Yes. If a subject you have opted for is full, you will be allocated one of your reserve choices.

## What is the English Baccalaureate (EBacc)?

The EBacc is not a qualification in itself. It is a measure of performance introduced by the Government. This is recognised by some universities, post 16 providers and employers as a reflection of a broad and balanced curriculum which facilitates progression to many other qualifications and jobs. To achieve this performance measure, a student must achieve a grade 5 or higher in English, maths, two Sciences, a humanities subject (Geography or History), and a modern foreign language (Spanish).

